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**OFFICE OF PETITIONS**

In re Patent No. 7,478,365	:	
West et al.	:	DECISION ON
Issue Date: January 13, 2009	:	REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION
Application No. 10/757,718	:	OF
Filed: January 13, 2004	:	PATENT TERM ADJUSTMENT
Attorney Docket No. SYM 0004	:	

This is a decision on the "REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION OF PATENT TERM ADJUSTMENT UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.705(b)," filed March 5, 2009, requesting that the patent term adjustment determination for the above-identified patent be changed from three hundred eighty-five (384) days to six hundred seventy-four (674) days.

The request for reconsideration of patent term adjustment is **DISMISSED**.

On January 13, 2009, the above-identified application matured into Patent No. 7,478,365 with a patent term adjustment of 384 days. This request for reconsideration of patent term adjustment was timely filed within two months of the issue date of the patent. See 37 CFR 1.705(d).

Patentees request recalculation of the patent term adjustment to include a 290-day period of adjustment pursuant to 37 CFR 1.703(b). Patentees maintain entitlement to a period of adjustment due to the Three Year Delay by the Office, pursuant to 37 CFR 1.703(b), of 290 days and the period of adjustment due to other examination delay, pursuant to 37 CFR 1.702(a), of 585 days.

The 290-day period is calculated based on the application having been filed under 35 U.S.C. 111(a) on January 13, 2004, and a request for continued examination (RCE) having been filed in this application on October 30, 2007, three years and 290 days later. Patentees assert that in addition to this 290-day period, they are entitled to a period of adjustment due to examination delay, pursuant to 37 CFR 1.702(a), totalling 585 days. This 585-day period is the sum of:

- a period of delay of 572 days for the failure by the Office to mail at least one of a notification under 35 U.S.C. 132 not later than fourteen months after the date on which the application was filed under 35 U.S.C. 111(a), pursuant to § 1.702(a)(1); and,
- a period of delay of 13 days for the failure by the Office to respond to a reply under 35 U.S.C. 132 not later than four months after the date on which the reply was filed, pursuant to § 1.702(a)(2).

Under 37 CFR 1.703(f), patentees are entitled to a period of patent term adjustment equal to the period of delays based on the grounds set forth in 37 CFR 1.702 reduced by the period of time equal to the period of time during which patentees failed to engage in reasonable efforts to conclude prosecution pursuant to 37 CFR 1.704. In other words, patentees are entitled to the period of Office delay reduced by the period of applicant delay. The period of reduction of 201 days for applicant delay is not in dispute.

Patentees do not dispute that the total period of Office delay is the sum of the period of Three Years Delay (290 days) and the period of Examination Delay (585 days) to the extent that these periods of delay are not overlapping. However, in effect, patentees contend that no portion of the Three Year Delay period overlaps with the period of 14 month examination delay and 4 month examination delay in responding to a reply. Accordingly, patentees submit that the total period of adjustment for Office delay is 875 days, which is the sum of the period of Three Year Delay (290 days) and the period of Examination Delay (585 days), reduced by the period of overlap (0 days).

As such, patentees assert entitlement to a patent term adjustment of 674 days (290 + 585 reduced by 0 overlap - 201 (applicant delay)).

The Office agrees that as of the filing of the RCE on October 30, 2007, the application was pending three years and 290 days after its filing date. The Office agrees that the action detailed above was not taken within the specified time frame, and thus, the entry of a period of adjustment of 585 days is correct. At issue is whether patentees should accrue 290 days of patent term adjustment for the Office taking in excess of three years to issue the patent, as well as, 585 days for Office failure to take a certain action within a specified time frame (or examination delay).

The Office contends that 290 days overlap. Patentees' calculation of the period of overlap is inconsistent with the Office's interpretation of this provision. 35 U.S.C. 154(b)(2)(A) limits the adjustment of patent term, as follows:

to the extent that the periods of delay attributable to grounds specified in paragraph (1) overlap, the period of any adjustment granted under this subsection shall not exceed the actual number of days the issuance of the patent was delayed.

Likewise, 37 CFR 1.703(f) provides that:

To the extent that periods of delay attributable to the grounds specified in §1.702 overlap, the period of adjustment granted under this section shall not exceed the actual number of days the issuance of the patent was delayed.

As explained in *Explanation of 37 CFR 1.703(f) and of the United States Patent and Trademark Office Interpretation of 35 U.S.C. 154(b)(2)(A)*, 69 Fed. Reg. 34283 (June 21, 2004), the Office interprets 35 U.S.C. 154(b)(2)(A) as permitting either patent term adjustment under 35 U.S.C. 154(b)(1)(A)(i)-(iv), or patent term adjustment under 35 U.S.C. 154(b)(1)(B), but not as permitting patent term adjustment under both 35 U.S.C. 154(b)(1)(A)(i)-(iv) and 154(b)(1)(B). Accordingly, the Office implements the overlap provision as follows:

If an application is entitled to an adjustment under 35 U.S.C. 154(b)(1)(B), the entire period during which the application was pending (except for periods excluded under 35 U.S.C. 154(b)(1)(B)(i)-(iii)), and not just the period

beginning three years after the actual filing date of the application, is the period of delay under 35 U.S.C. 154(b)(1)(B) in determining whether periods of delay overlap under 35 U.S.C. 154(b)(2)(A). Thus, any days of delay for Office issuance of the patent more than 3 years after the filing date of the application, which overlap with the days of patent term adjustment accorded prior to the issuance of the patent will not result in any additional patent term adjustment. See 35 U.S.C. 154(b)(1)(B), 35 U.S.C. 154(b)(2)(A), and 37 CFR § 1.703(f). See *Changes to Implement Patent Term Adjustment Under Twenty Year Term; Final Rule*, 65 Fed. Reg. 56366 (Sept. 18, 2000). See also *Revision of Patent Term Extension and Patent Term Adjustment Provisions; Final Rule*, 69 Fed. Reg. 21704 (April 22, 2004), 1282 Off. Gaz. Pat. Office 100 (May 18, 2004). See also *Explanation of 37 CFR 1.703(f) and of the United States Patent and Trademark Office Interpretation of 35 U.S.C. 154(b)(2)(A)*, 69 Fed. Reg. 34283 (June 21, 2004).

The current wording of § 1.703(f) was revised in response to the misinterpretation of this provision by a number of patentees. The rule was slightly revised to more closely track the corresponding language of 35 U.S.C. 154(b)(2)(A). The relevant portion differs only to the extent that the statute refers back to provisions of the statute whereas the rule refers back to sections of the rule. This was not a substantive change to the rule nor did it reflect a change of the Office's interpretation of 35 U.S.C. 154(b)(2)(A). As stated in the *Explanation of 37 CFR 1.703(f) and of the United States Patent and Trademark Office Interpretation of 35 U.S.C. 154(b)(2)(A)*, the Office has consistently taken the position that if an application is entitled to an adjustment under the three-year pendency provision of 35 U.S.C. 154(b)(1)(B), the entire period during which the application was pending before the Office (except for periods excluded under 35 U.S.C. 154(b)(1)(B)(i)-(iii)), and not just the period beginning three years after the actual filing date of the application, is the relevant period under 35 U.S.C. 154(b)(1)(B) in determining whether periods of delay "overlap" under 35 U.S.C. 154(b)(2)(A).

This interpretation is consistent with the statute. Taken together the statute and rule provide that to the extent that periods of delay attributable to grounds specified in 35 U.S.C.

154(b)(1) and in corresponding § 1.702 overlap, the period of adjustment granted shall not exceed the actual number of days the issuance of the patent was delayed. The grounds specified in these sections cover the A) guarantee of prompt Patent and Trademark Office responses, B) guarantee of no more than three year application pendency, and C) guarantee or adjustments for delays due to interference, secrecy orders and appeals. A section by section analysis of 35 U.S.C. 154(b)(2)(A) specifically provides that:

Section 4402 imposes limitations on restoration of term. In general, pursuant to [35 U.S.C.] 154(b)(2)(A)-(C), total adjustments granted for restorations under [35 U.S.C. 154](b)(1) are reduced as follows: (1) To the extent that there are multiple grounds for extending the term of a patent that may exist simultaneously (e.g., delay due to a secrecy order under [35 U.S.C.] 181 and administrative delay under [35 U.S.C.] 154(b)(1)(A)), the term should not be extended for each ground of delay but only for the actual number of days that the issuance of a patent was delayed; See 145 Cong. Rec. S14,718<sup>1</sup>

As such, the period for over three year pendency does not overlap only to the extent that the actual dates in the period beginning three years after the date on which the application was filed overlap with the actual dates in the periods for failure of the Office to take action within specified time frames. In other words, consideration of the overlap does not begin three years after the filing date of the application. Treating the relevant period as starting on January 13, 2007, the date that is three years after the actual filing date of the application, is incorrect.

In this instance, the relevant period under 35 U.S.C. 154(b)(1)(B) in determining whether periods of delay "overlap" under 35 U.S.C. 154(b)(2)(A) is the entire period during which the application was pending before the Office, September 15, 2003, as terminated by the filing of the RCE on October 30, 2007. 585 days of patent term adjustment were accorded prior to

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<sup>1</sup> The AIPA is title IV of the Intellectual Property and Communications Omnibus Reform Act of 1999 (S. 1948), which was incorporated and enacted as law as part of Pub. L. 106-113. The Conference Report for H.R. 3194, 106<sup>th</sup> Cong. 1<sup>st</sup> Sess. (1999), which resulted in Pub. L. 106-113, does not contain any discussion (other than the incorporated language) of S. 1948. A section-by-section analysis of S. 1948, however, was printed in the Congressional Record at the request of Senator Lott, See 145 Cong. Rec. S14,708-26 (1999) (daily ed. Nov. 17, 1999).

the issuance of the patent for the Office failing to respond within a specified time frame during the pendency of the application. All of the 290 days for Office delay in issuing the patent overlap with the 585 days of Office delay. During that time, the issuance of the patent was delayed by 585 days, not 585 + 290 days. The Office took 14 months and 572 days to issue a first Office action. Additionally, the Office took 4 months and 13 days to respond to the reply filed June 3, 2008. Otherwise, the Office took all actions set forth in 37 CFR 1.702(a) within the prescribed time frames. Nonetheless, given the initial 585 days of Office delay and the 201 days of applicant delay and the time allowed within the time frames for processing and examination, as of the filing date of the RCE, the application was pending three years and 290 days. The Office did not delay 585 days and then an additional 290 days. Accordingly, 585 days of patent term adjustment (not 585 and 290 days) was properly entered since the period of delay of 290 days attributable to the delay in the issuance of the patent overlaps with the adjustment of 585 days attributable to grounds specified in § 1.702(a)(1). Entry of both periods is not warranted. 585 days is determined to be the actual number of days that the issuance of the patent was delayed, considering the 290 days over three years to the filing of the RCE.

Accordingly, at issuance, the Office properly entered no additional days of patent term adjustment for the Office taking in excess of three years to issue the patent.

In view thereof, no adjustment to the patent term will be made.

The Office will charge the \$200.00 fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.18(e) to the Deposit Account as authorized. No additional fees are required.

Telephone inquiries specific to this matter should be directed to the undersigned at (571) 272-3211.

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